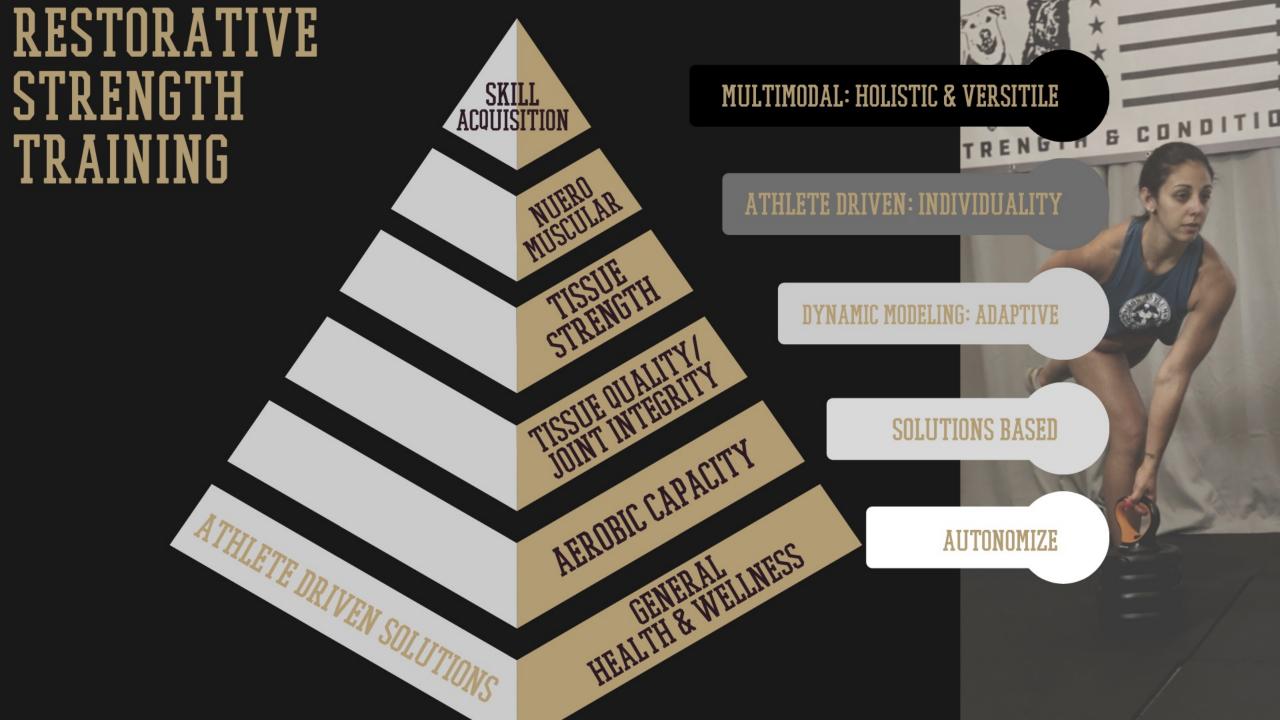
RESTORAGE

An integrative approach for improving the health & performance of our Warfighter athletes

Danny Foley- MS, CSCS,D*, TSAC-F,D*



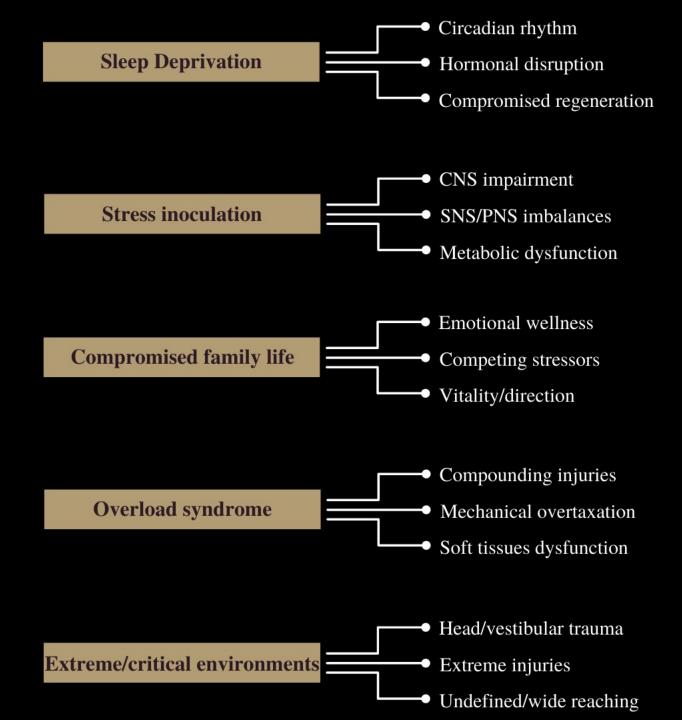


WHAT COACHES THINK"TACTICAL" MEANS...

WHAT IT REALLY MEANS...



A BATTLE OF ATTRITION



COMMON INJURIES

HEAD & NECK

- Concussion/TBI
- Degeneration
- Fusion
- Forward head posture

SPINE

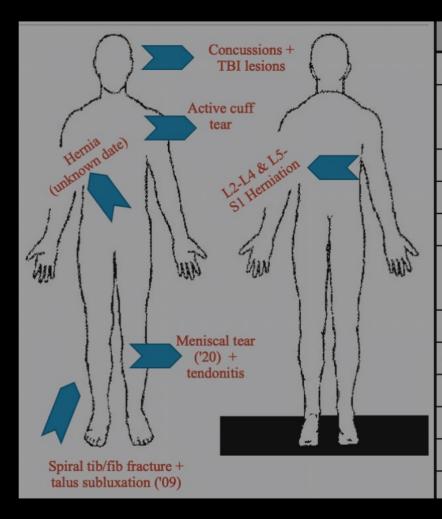
- Compression
- Degeneration
- Fusion
- NSLBP/ undiagnosed

SHOULDERS

- SLAP tears
- Cuff tears
- Arthritis & impingement

HIPS & LEGS

- Impinge/arthritis
- Ligament damage
- Achilles tendon
- Plantar



NOTES

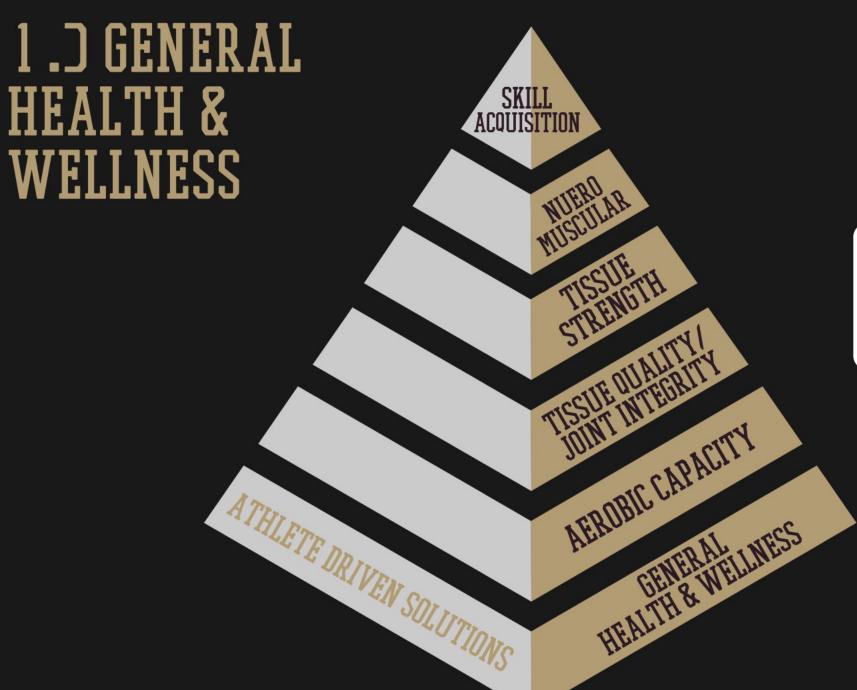
- **54 scar points/lesions identified
 - -Has history of severe back spasms/cramping.
- -Undocumented labral tear (L shoulder)
- -('R) ankle/foot have been problematic
- -Infrequent migraines/cognitive fatigue
- -Training is redundant and does not accommodate for injuries
- -Shoulders are generally weak OH
- -Poor force transfer in foot/ankle complex
- -Has slight trunk extension intollerance

Prioritize and emphasize what they can do. what they can do. "I'm not what I used to be."

Leduently met with failure Establish new baselines, modify goals. **Expectation Reset**

PERSPECTIVE OF Steam of the Never accept TRAINING

It's not about if but how.



THE ABILITY TO TRAIN HARD IS INEXTRICABLY PREDICATED ON THE ABILITY TO RECOVER WELL.



"Take away any of the surrounding variables and very little changes. Take away sleep, and all the variables become compromised."

-Alex Oliver

SLEEP HYGIENE

Hygiene:

- Must be routinized
- Bedtime within1-2 hours/7 days/week
- No heavy food/drink (2 hour window)
- No Bluelight (1 hour window)
- Breathing/meditation

Tools & Tech:

- Eye mask
- Nasal strip
- Scents/oils
- Trackers (Whoop, Oura)

Factors:

- Quality of mattress/pillow
- Space comfort
- Dark room
- Quiet noise
- Cool (<70)
- Bluelight exposure

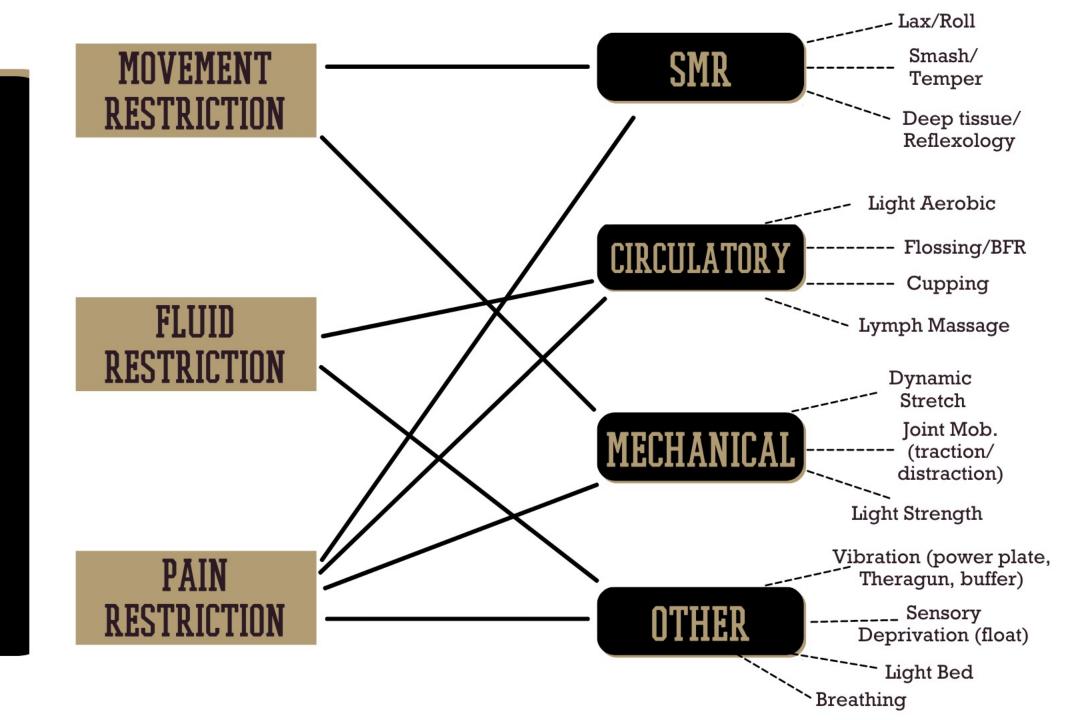
Goals:

- 7-9/night(never <5/>10)
- 90+ min. REM
- Earlier down, earlier up
- +1 Sundays

HABIT. PRACTICE. CONSISTENT.

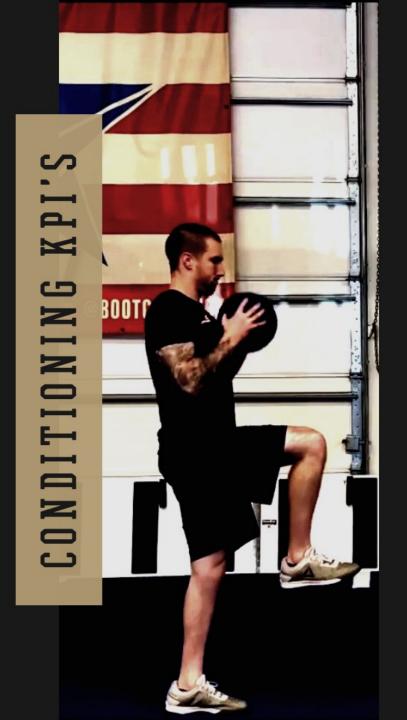


Screenshot from a daily Oura Ring report.



2.D AEROBIC SKILL ACQUISITION MUERO TISSIE TISSUE DUALITY! JUINT INTEGRITY AEROBIC CAPACITY ATHLETE DRIVEN SOLUTIONS HEALTH & WELLINESS

MAKE FATIGUE HARD TO FIND.



RESTING/WORKING HR

- RHR > 60 bpm = aerobic demand
- WHR > 140 bpm or > 2 min. to return to baseline = aerobic demand
- RHR = Basic function
- WHR = Basic efficiency

CAPACITY

- Presence of operational fatigue (WHAT MATTERS MOST)
- Standardized testing (WHAT MATTERS LESS)
- More limited by volume or intensity?
- Volume deficit = aerobic
- Intensity deficit = anaerobic

HRV

- Highly individualized metric, depends heavily on age/ health history
- Numbers/scores also vary by device or company
- PNS/SNS Balance
- DC Potential = 9-45 mV /1-3 min.

INDIVIDUALAITY

- Physiological and bioenergetics are highly individual; focus on age/state/path
- If specific demand is present, specific should be applied
- If not, specificity doesn't apply with conditioning

STRATIFYING THE CONDITIONING APPROACH

	RED	BLUE	GREEN
AEROBIC (>30 SEC)	80%	40%	10%
MIXED (30-15 SEC)	10%	20%	10%
ANAEROBIC (<15 SEC)	10%	40%	80%
	 APPLICATIONS 1-3 DAYS/WK. 10-40 SEC. 3:1 1:3 WORK:REST 	MODES • FUNCTIONAL STRENGTH CIRCUIT • UNILATERAL BASED • CONCEPT OR SLED	PARAMETERS • TIME INTERVALS • NASAL BREATHING (ROB WILSON)

CONDITIONING SPECTRUM

		Aerobic		Mixed	Anaerobic	
*Note: Primary emphasis should be placed on general capacity and efficiency skills.	ditioning ectrum	Aerobic Capacity	Aerobic Efficiency	Mixed	Anaerobic Capacity	Anaerobic Power
	VO2, Workload	RHR, CO2/02		Average Velocity	Peak Velocity	
		Aerobic		Mixed	Anaerobic	
*Note: Primary emphasis should be placed on	Conditioning	Aerobic Capacity	Aerobic Efficiency	Mixed	Anaerobic Capacity	Anaerobic Power
building on sufficient base w/ skill introduction.	Con	VO2, Workload	RHR, CO2/02		Average Velocity	Peak Velocity
		Aerobic		Mixed	Anaerobic	
*Note: Primary emphasis should be placed on refining peak and repeat burst efforts.	Conditioning	Aerobic Capacity	Aerobic Efficiency	Mixed	Anaerobic Capacity	Anaerobic Power
		VO2, Workload	RHR, CO2/02		Average Velocity	Peak Velocity



THE HUMAN SYSTEM IS THE MAGNIFICENT OUTCOME OF MULTIPLE INDIVIDUAL STRUCTURES PERFORMING SPECIALIZED FUNCTIONS WHILE COALESCING AS ONE.

CONNECTIVE TISSUE

FASCIA

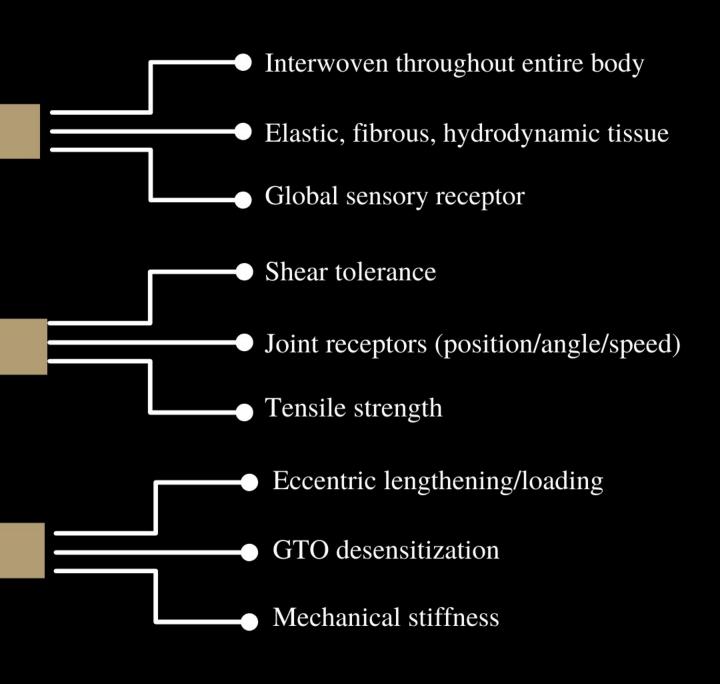
- -Multiplanar movement
- -Challenge proprioception
- -Integrated movements

LIGAMENTS

- -Time under tension
- -Challenge mechanoreceptors
- -Positional integrity

TENDONS

- -Elastic capacity (stretch-release)
- -Extensibility
- -Force capacity



MOBILITY | STABILITY | FLEXIBILITY

AROM =

PROM =

Tissue extensibility +

Capsular laxity +

Tissue strength +

Local ROM +

Motor Control Fluid dynamics

Motor Control

FLEXIBILITY

-Byproduct of strength

-Position/situation

specific

**Don't confuse with

STABILITY

balance!

GOALS

AROM VS PROM

-Address based on individual need

-Consider sport/task demands

-Close gaps between strengths/weaknesses

-Ratios and signatures

-Consider resting and working lengths

-Avoid long duration,

static applications

**Stretching is a

neurological endeavor!

RESTRICTIONS

Intolerance

Deficit

-Pain or true discomfort

-Prior/present injury

*Avoid/respect

-Localized weakness

-Lacking ROM/standard

*Attack ASAP

FASCIA TRAINING

GENERAL PRINCIPLES

- Multiplanar
- Variable speed
- Rhythmic/dynamic actions
- Contralateral-based
- Accommodating stimulus
- Soft tissue/SMR

Distinctions

-Biotensegrity

-Collagenous matrix

-Interconnected

system

-Non-Newtonian

properties

Big 4

- -Elasticity
- -Plasticity
- -Viscosity
- -Remodeling

Layers

-Superficial

-Deep

-Subserous

-Visceral

Unknowns

-Contractile properties

-Toxin filtration

-Emotional memory

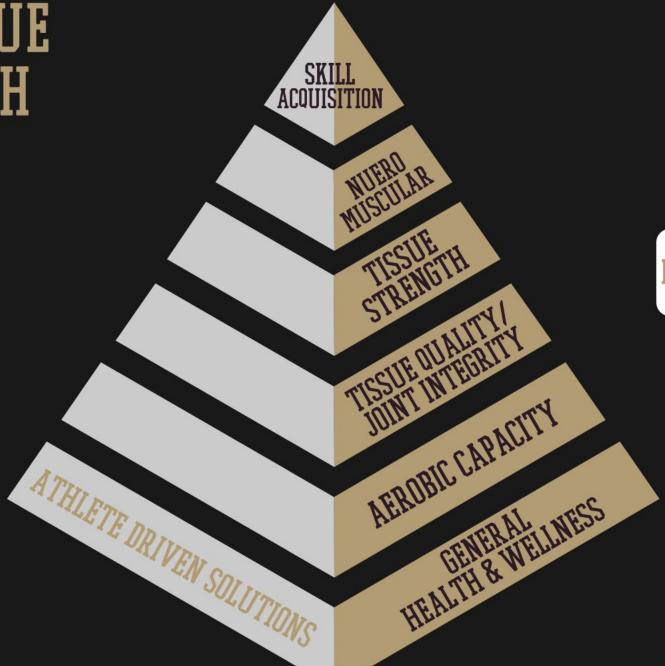
-Movement coordination

-Fascial memory

MOVEMENT SPECTRUM

un		Foundational Motor Control		Mobility/Stability	Proprioception/Balance	
*Note: Primary emphasis should be placed on	Movement Spectrum	Movement Literacy	Movement Capacity	PROM VS AROM	Dynamics	Plyos
teaching movement awareness.	Мочет	How well can they perform basic	How much "basic" applies	Relationship	Open chain movement	Open chain w/ speed
	E E	Foundational l	Motor Control	Mobility/Stability	Proprioception/Balance	
*Note: Primary emphasis should be placed on expanding movement pool and efficiency.	ant Spectri	Movement Literacy	Movement Capacity	PROM VS AROM	Dynamics	Plyos
	How well can they perform basic	How much "basic" applies	Relationship	Open chain movement	Open chain w/ speed	
	Ħ	Foundational Motor Control		Mobility/Stability	Proprioception/Balance	
*Note: Primary emphasis should be placed on refining movement quality and speed.	Movement Spectrum	Movement Literacy	Movement Capacity	PROM VS AROM	Dynamics	Plyos
		How well can they perform basic	How much "basic" applies	Relationship	Open chain movement	Open chain w/ speed

4.3 TISSUE STRENGTH



HOW STRONG IS STRONG ENOUGH?

Fascial

-Global integration

-Tensile force

(reciprocating)

-Elasticity

Muscular

- -Contractile
- -Eccentric
- -Isometric

FOUNDATIONAL

Ultimately expression of strength requires proficiency, timing, and capacity from multiple systems operating in tandem.

Ligamentous

- -Time under
 - tension

DEVELOPMENTAI

- -Position-specific
- -Shear tolerance

Tendinous

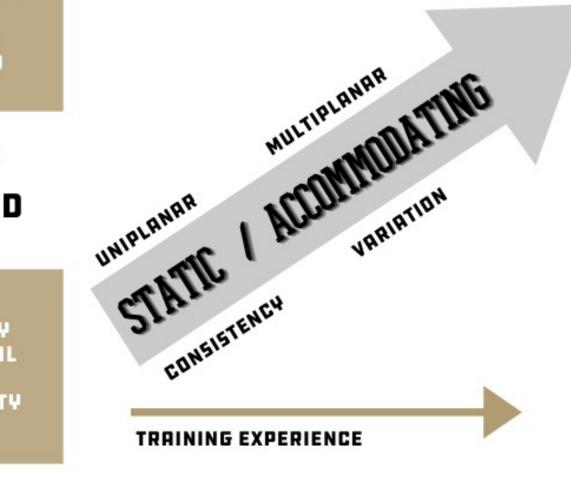
- -Eccentric force
- -Elastic strain
- -Reflexive strength

ADVANCED

-BASIC/COMPOUND -HIGH DEGREE OF STABILITY -PREDICTIVE -STRUCTURED

SIMPLE/ COMPOUND

-HYPERTROPHY -FOUNDATIONAL STRENGTH -WORK CAPACITY



-COMPLEX/COMBINATION
-LOW DEGREE OF
STABILITY
-REACTIVE/CHAOTIC
-UNPLANNED/
UNSTRUCTURED (FREE
FLOWING)

DYNAMIC/ MULTIVARIANT

-SPEED -SKILL -PROPRIOCEPTIVE GOALS/OUTCOMES:

DEMANDS:

STRENGTH SPECTRUM

*Note: Most training intensities will be low, with more emphasis on volume for skill acquisition	Strength Spectrum	Foundational Strength		Hypertrophy	Strength-Power	
		Strength Endurance	Base Hypertrophy	Developmental Hypertrophy	Strength	Speed-Strength
	Streng	<60%	60-70%	70-80%	>80%	<60%
*Note: Training	III	Foundational Strength		Hypertrophy	Strength-Power	
intensities will be more variable,	intensities will be more variable, emphasis shuold be on low values in	Strength Endurance	Base Hypertrophy	Developmental Hypertrophy	Strength	Speed-Strength
shuold be on		<60%	60-70%	70-80%	>80%	<60%
*Note: Training intensities will be focused on developing true strength and power capacities.	E .	Foundational Strength		Hypertrophy	Strength-Power	
	Strength Spectrum	Strength Endurance	Base Hypertrophy	Developmental Hypertrophy	Strength	Speed-Strength
		<60%	60-70%	70-80%	>80%	<60%

5.3 NEURO MUSCULAR FUNCTION



ULTIMATELY, THE NERVOUS SYSTEM IS THE JUDGE, JURY, AND EXECUTIONER OF MOVEMENT.

RHYTHM APPLICATIONS

Low Level Plyos

Basic rhythmic & motor function

Skips/hops/bound

Multi-directional should be encouraged

Extensive Plyos

Extensive = <75%

Low box drills

Low amplitude force transfer

Med Ball Throws

Kinetic sequencing

Velocity expression

Movement summation

FORCE APPLICATIONS



Lift Sub-maximal Weights (Fast)

Speed-Strength <55% | >0.85 m/s

Modified Olympic variations

Accelerated variations

Intensive Plyos

Intensive = >75%

Rebound/ reflexive

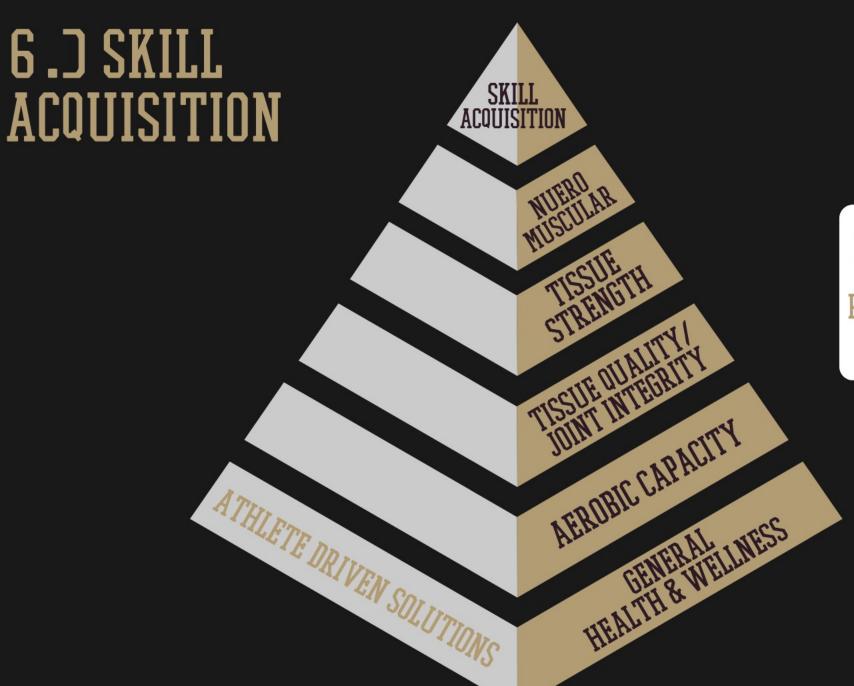
Overspeed plyos

Sprint/COD

Teach fundamentals

Accelerate before decelerating

Linear before COD



DEVELOP THE PHYSICAL TRAITS
THAT THE TACTICAL SKILLS
REQUIRE AND THE ENVIRONMENT
DEMANDS.

OPTIMIZING THE ATHLETE

MOTOR SKILL & COORDINATION

- Movement literacy & spectrum
- Information and sensory processing
- Vestibular and kinesthetic proficiency

TACTICAL/OPERATIONAL

- Leave the true skill work to the experts.
- We're looking to develop the physical qualities/traits needed to perform their job
- "How can I improve what's not being addressed?"

SKILL ACQUISITION

 The ultimate skill the established Operator can posses, is the skill of injury, pain, and stress management.

AVAILABILITY & DURABILITY

PRIMARY TAKEAWAYS

Distinguishable differences between tactical & conventional athletes.

Health, wellness, sleep and stress are non-negotiable foundations to success.

Injuries are the ultimate limiting factor. Your job is to provide actionable solutions to present problems.

Individualization & scaling are a must! Close the gap between strengths & weaknesses.

Training should be treated with reciprocity; make the athlete feel a part of their outcome.



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